

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY, September 17, 1884.

### IMPORTANT NOTICE.

To the Presidents of the Democratic Clubs in Fairfield County: Your attention is called to the fact that the State Executive Committee has appointed a public meeting to be held at Winnsboro, on Saturday, October 4, to be addressed by several of our campaign speakers. It is the duty, as it should be the pleasure, of every good Democrat, to show, by his presence at the meeting, that his loyalty to the party is as strong, and his devotion to principle as ardent, as ever.

You are therefore directed to inform every member of your Club that he is expected to be present at Winnsboro on the 4th day of October, on horseback, and in the regulation uniform of the Democracy—red shirts.

The president of each Club will report, with his Club, to the County Chairman, on the College Green in Winnsboro, on Saturday morning, October 4, at ten o'clock, precisely.

T. W. WOODWARD,  
County Chairman.

### Now Advertisements.

Application for Charter.  
Mother—Bradford Regulator Co.  
How to Save Money—McElree's Jewelry Palace.

Sheriff's Sale—Jno. D. McCarley, S. F. C.

Wanted—Saml. McCormick, Ridgeway, S. C.

Citation—J. R. Boyles, Judge of Probate.

### Local Briefs.

—Sunday was rather like an October day, and the night was very cool indeed.

—There was but one white man tried in the Court of General Sessions, and he was acquitted.

—The sheriff will soon make six or seven valuable additions to the working force of the State penitentiary.

—There was something like a deadlock in Court on Monday morning—July No. 1 taking some little time in choosing their foreman.

—The stock of the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad is still down. It is quoted in the Augusta Chronicle at \$15 asked, \$14 bid.

—The State Board of Agriculture is making strong efforts to have South Carolina fully and creditably represented at the New Orleans Exposition.

—Miss Eva Britton, well known as the editress of a variety show traveling in the West.

—Messrs. J. T. Barron, R. A. Lynch, J. H. Landon and J. M. McMaster, of the Columbia bar, have been in attendance upon the sittings of the Court of Common Pleas.

—The amount of fines paid by persons convicted at the recent term of the Court of General Sessions was five hundred dollars—quite a little lift for the county treasury.

—The total earnings of the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad for the month of July were \$32,199.38 against \$39,094.78 for the same month in 1883—showing a decrease of \$6,895.40.

—The case of the State of North Carolina against Thos. L. Shields for the murder of Joseph G. Sitton has been removed from Mecklenburg to Iredeed county. The trial will be held at Statesville, N. C.

—We were and are yet anxious to publish a tabulated statement of the results of the recent primary election. Sickness of some of the printers has rendered it impossible up to this time. It will likely be given to our readers in the next issue of the weekly NEWS AND HERALD.

—We have received a pamphlet copy of the address delivered by Wm. Preston Johnston, LL.D., president of Tulane University, before the students of the South Carolina College at the late commencement. It is a well written paper and the subject, "The Work of the University," is handled in a masterly way.

PERSONAL.—Mr. and Mrs. Peter J. Rucker left on Friday afternoon's train for Columbia, where they will make their home.

DEFEATED FOR ONCE.—We regret to give to the public the information that the Boró boys were beaten in a match game of base ball at Rock Hill some days ago. The Rock Hill boys scored 25 against 21 for Winnsboro.

PERSONAL.—Solicitor Gaston left for his home in Chester on the north-bound freight train on last Saturday, having done a good week's work.

Miss Carrie Dunn left on Monday for the Columbia Female Seminary. We hope she will spend a pleasant and profitable year.

COTTON STATEMENT.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending September 12, 1884: Net receipts at all United States ports during the week 42,505; to same time last year 54,300; total receipts to this date 57,596; to same date last year 72,886. Exports for the week 14,429; same week last year 17,429; total exports to this date 31,414; to same date last year 34,416. Stock at all United States ports 121,460; same time last year 239,865; stock at all interior towns 8,454; same time last year 22,622; stock at Liverpool 654,000; same time last year 783,000; stock of American afloat for Great Britain 10,000; same time last year 28,000.

DEATHS.—Robert T. Ketchin, the little two-year-old boy of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Ketchin, of this place, died here last Monday, the 8th inst. On Sunday the child was taken with spasms and in a few short hours was dead. Mr. Ketchin was absent in New York, during the illness of his boy, but was telegraphed for, and arrived in time to attend the funeral exercises at the Associate Reformed church on Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30 o'clock. Little Robert was a bright

and promising child and the idol of his parents. In their affliction they will have the tenderest and warmest sympathies of many friends.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Harden, living about eight miles from town, died on Sunday, the 7th inst., and was buried in the graveyard of Scion Presbyterian church in this place on Monday afternoon, at 4.30 o'clock. The little child was sick but a few days, and its death was a sad one. To the father and mother, in their sorrow, we tender our sympathies.

THE SOLICITORSHIP.—It is now very probable that the Executive Committee of the Sixth Judicial Circuit will be able to meet the exigencies caused by the sine die adjournment of the Chester Convention, without necessitating the expense and trouble of holding a county convention in each of the counties of the circuit. There is an article in the Constitution of the party touching the matter of Democratic Conventions, and in that article the following expression is found: "After the Convention shall have made the nomination, or nominations, for which it is called, it shall adjourn sine die." The inference is drawn by those in authority that under the party Constitution no convention has the right or power to adjourn sine die until its work has been performed and a nomination made. This construction is, to say the least that can be said, plausible, and the Executive Committee will probably, under the circumstances, direct a call to the old convention to re-assemble. In this way a great deal will be saved to the people of the district, and we hope the Executive Committee will see its way clear to pursue this course.

FRANK LESLIE'S SUNDAY MAGAZINE.—This most interesting publication is conducted with liberality, enterprise and talent; in fact, the name of the editor, T. DeWitt Talmage, D.D., is a voucher for its excellence. The October number is filled with contributions in prose and poetry by some of the most popular writers, and the illustrations are numerous and meritorious. Among the contents are articles by the Rev. Geo. T. Riden, Mrs. Robbins, A. E. Alexander, Hervey, J. A. Patten, etc.; sermons by Mr. T. K. Herve, Longfellow, Madeline S. Bridges, etc.; and several short stories, sketches and essays, replete with interest. "A Trip Through South Holland," "Historical Attractions of Inwood," "Titan's Religious Paintings," "Children of All Nations," etc., will well repay the reader; indeed the pages teem with interest, entertainment and instruction. The Magazine should find its way into every family circle. A single copy is 25 cents, or \$2.50 a year, postpaid. Address, Mrs. Frank Leslie, Publisher, 53, 55, and 57 Park Place, N. Y.

### THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Tuesday and Wednesday of the Court were days well and busily spent in the General Sessions here. On Tuesday morning the jury returned a sealed verdict in the State vs. Henry Camps, tried on Monday afternoon and charged with larceny of grain from the field. Mr. J. W. Hanahan represented the defendant. The defendant was found "guilty of petit larceny" and sentenced by the Court to pay a fine of \$50 or be imprisoned in the county jail for the period of three months.

The case of the State vs. Dan Chambers, arraigned upon the charge of grand larceny was next taken up. M. B. McMaster, Esq., appeared for the defendant. The defendant was found guilty and sentenced to three years' imprisonment at hard labor in the State penitentiary.

The State vs. Toney Davis and Aleck Bell, in which the defendants were charged with larceny of live stock, was next taken up and disposed of. Messrs. McDonald & Douglass represented Toney Davis and Messrs. Ragsdale & Ragsdale Aleck Bell. The defendant Toney Davis was found "not guilty" and Aleck Bell "guilty." Aleck Bell was sentenced by the Court to two years' imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary. The defendant thanked the Court and said, "I got off better than I thought I would."

The State vs. Thomas Hopkins, charged with larceny of live stock, was next tried. Col. James H. Rion represented the defence. The defendant was found guilty. The sentence of the Court was reserved, pending a motion for a new trial.

The State vs. Thomas Jones, charged with larceny of live stock—Messrs. Ragsdale & Ragsdale for the defence. Verdict—"Guilty." The defendant was sentenced to one year in the State penitentiary at hard labor.

The State vs. David Kelly, upon the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill, was disposed of on Tuesday afternoon. Mr. M. B. McMaster represented the defendant. After hearing the testimony of the prosecutor, Mr. Terrance, counsel for the prisoner entered a plea of guilty and asked the mercy of the Court. The sentence of the Court was that the defendant be confined at hard labor in the State penitentiary for the period of eighteen months.

The State vs. Levi Douglass, charged with an assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature, was the last case tried on Tuesday evening. Messrs. Lyles & Buchanan appeared for the defence. The case was given to the jury as the Court adjourned for the day with instructions to bring in a sealed verdict on Wednesday morning.

On Wednesday morning the case of the State vs. William Free was taken up and tried. Free was charged with burglary and larceny. Messrs. Ragsdale & Ragsdale appeared for the defence. The jury returned a verdict of "not guilty."

The case of the State vs. Samuel Davis was next called. The defendant was arraigned upon the charge of burglary and larceny, and Messrs. McDonald & Douglass appeared as his counsel. The jury empaneled to try the case returned a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was sentenced by the Court to a term of three years at hard labor in the penitentiary.

The case of the State vs. George Ford, charged with carrying concealed deadly weapons, was next tried. Messrs. Ragsdale & Ragsdale represented the defendant. The defendant was found "not guilty" and discharged.

The case of the State vs. Jacob Thompson, charged with an assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature, closed the work of Thursday. Messrs. McDonald & Douglass represented the defendant. The jury found the defendant guilty, but recommended him to mercy. The sentence of the Court was that the defendant pay a fine of \$100 or be confined in the State penitentiary for the period of six months.

State vs. James Garrison, indicted for assault with intent to kill—firing a pistol at Isaac Porter, colored, the prosecuting witness. Messrs. McDonald & Douglass appeared for the defence. Mr. Garrison claimed that he had acted purely in self-defence—the prosecuting witness having, at the time of the difficulty, advanced on him with pistols and having threatened to kill him. The jury, after very brief deliberation, rendered a verdict of "Not guilty."

State vs. Isom Gladden, Austin Henderson, Charles Graham and Ephraim Latta, indicted for assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature. Col. Jas. H. Rion appeared for the defence. The prosecuting witness, John Stevenson, claimed that on the night of the 29th of June last, the defendants, with others not recognized, met him on the public road, seized him, threw a sack over his head, choked him, bound him, and beat him severely with switches. The prosecutor stated that the parties had threatened him with bodily harm because he had refused to deliver up to them a certain pamphlet—the constitution and by-laws of an organization entitled the "Grand United Order of National Laborers Aid Protective Society." It seems that the prosecutor had possession of the book, and declined to give it up unless the other members of the Society should repay him a small sum of money which he had advanced in the inception of the organization. (The constitution shows the society to be one for mutual aid only, but it is strongly suspected that it is political in its character, and it has already done something towards demoralizing labor in some sections. One provision of the constitution is as follows: "We have a commercial trade of which our members must be governed by in their trading for their families." The leaders should be watched. They mean no good to the community.) The defence set up was an *alibi*—each of the prisoners undertaking to prove by witnesses that when the whipping was done he was at a place other than that where the assault was committed. The jury returned a verdict of "Guilty."

The case of the State vs. Frank Anderson and Mary Rogers, indicted for adultery, was disposed of in the afternoon session of the Court. Messrs. McDonald & Douglass represented the defendants. The jury returned a verdict of "not guilty" and the defendants were discharged.

### Presentment of the Grand Jury.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
County of Fairfield.

To the Honorable James S. Cochran,  
Presiding Judge:

The grand jury for the September term, 1884, of said county, respectfully present:

That we have duly acted upon all bills of indictment submitted by the solicitor, and in respect to them have endeavored to be guided by the instructions given to us by the Court. We have examined the offices of the County Commissioners, the Judge of Probate, the Clerk of Court, the Sheriff, the Treasurer and the Auditor, and find that the books and records are kept in a neat, orderly and satisfactory manner. The School Commissioner reports to us the following figures: During the past year there were eighty-five (85) schools, conducted by faithful and efficient teachers, and in a satisfactory condition. Several new school-houses, commodious and comfortable, have been erected and paid for. The total enrollment during the school year reaches 5,134 pupils, with an average attendance of 4,720, and an average school term of one and one-half months in duration. The people of the county seem to be more than ever impressed with the necessity of general education, and there is in consequence a deeper interest shown in the progress of our common schools.

It is proper for us to add, in connection with the offices already named, that we have not made a critical examination of the books and records—such examination being impossible in the time at our disposal during the sitting of the Court, occupied as that time necessarily is with matters demanding prompt and unremitting attention. We think a close investigation into the condition of public affairs due as well to the officials themselves as to the public in general. Such investigation, we are informed, has not been made for eight years. We therefore recommend that a committee of our body, three in number, be selected by your Honor to make a close examination into the transactions

of all public officials, and report their conclusions to the Court. The said committee should be authorized to sit during the vacation of the Court, and employ an expert if they deem one necessary.

We have, through a committee of our body, visited the County Poor House, and we are gratified to state that all the inmates are provided for in a comfortable manner. The premises are kept neat, clean and healthy, and from all the information in our possession we think that the keeper has faithfully discharged his trust, giving to every inmate all the attention and every comfort that the circumstances allow. We recommend the purchase of twelve beds and twelve chairs suitable for the use of the inmates.

We have visited the County Jail, and we find it kept neat, clean and well ventilated. The outbuildings are in good condition. The prisoners have been properly and humanely treated, and the jail in general attests the fidelity and efficiency of the Sheriff and his assistants.

We have examined the books of Trial Justices Cathcart, Neil, Higgins, Evans, Hollis, Glenn and Thomas, and find them kept in a satisfactory manner. From an examination of the books of some of the trial justices, it appears to us that a large number of the cases heard are very trivial in their character. Many of these cases are brought up to the Court of Sessions, at great cost to the county, while many others are heard by the trial justices at equal cost to the taxpayers. The law vests a large discretion in the trial justices, and this discretion should be exercised to diminish rather than to encourage petty suits and vexatious proceedings to be brought before the Court. That many of the cases heard have little if any foundation other than in the folly or the malice of individuals. This state of things, aside from its incidental vexations, imposes heavy burdens upon the public treasury. In this connection we submit the following statement of the cases heard, the number of acquittals or discharges, the fines paid into the treasury, and the fees collected from the county, by the several trial justices:

T. M. Cathcart, to September 9—Cases, 65; acquittals, 56; fines paid in, \$64.30; fees from county, \$287.43.

Jno. J. Neil, to March 6—Cases, 38; acquittals, 19; fines paid in, \$99.45; fees from county, \$130.43.

S. R. Johnston, to February 1—Cases, 14; acquittals, 6; fines paid in, \$9.00; fees from county, \$27.10.

M. J. Higgins, to May 1—Cases, 10; acquittals, 5; fines paid in, \$42.75; fees from county, \$74.15.

W. B. Douglass, to July 31—Cases, 49; acquittals, 25; fines paid in, \$30.00; fees from county, \$174.50.

J. F. W. Coleman, to March 6—Cases, 8; no acquittals; fines paid in, \$5.00; fees from county, \$16.40.

Jno. W. Evans, to February 1—Cases, 7; no acquittals; fines paid in, \$1.00; fees from county, \$28.85.

J. H. Landon, to July 31—Cases, 17; acquittals, 12; fines paid in, \$21.00; fees from county, \$83.02.

H. A. Glenn, to March 6—Cases, 5; acquittals, 2; fines paid in, \$10.00; fees from county, \$30.22.

E. C. Thomas, to September 9—Cases, 18; acquittals, 11; fines paid in, \$70.50; fees from county, \$90.22.

Trial Justice Hogan, it appears, has received nothing from the county during the past year. From the figures above given, we are forced to the conclusion that Trial Justices T. M. Cathcart and W. B. Douglass have not exercised due caution and discretion in entertaining cases made up to them, and we recommend such investigation into their official conduct as your Honor may consider to be demanded by the circumstances.

No complaint has been made to us concerning the condition of the public roads. The Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners informs us that instructions have been issued to the supervisors in the several highway districts to have the roads worked as fast as the Commission can be informed that such work has been done as well as the recent unfavorable weather would permit.

A member of the Board of School Trustees of District No. 17 informs us that the authorities of Richland county claim that in laying off the said district, on the Bell's Mill road, a portion of the territory of Richland has been included. The Trustees desire that the boundary of the School District, so far as it may be contiguous to the county of Richland county, may be properly laid off and designated, and we recommend that they be authorized to employ a competent surveyor to do the work.

The matter of retailing spirituous liquors without a license, to which the attention of the grand jury was called in the opening charge of your Honor, we would say that no complaints have been made to us, we have had the names of no witnesses given to us, and the grand jury are therefore without sufficient information on which to make any presentment in the premises.

In conclusion, we beg to thank your Honor and the Solicitor for courtesies and assistance extended to us in the course of our labors.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. W. Broom, Foreman.

On Saturday morning the Court entered upon the trial of the case of the State vs. Manfred Jordan and Charles Jordan, charged with larceny of live stock—stealing two hogs belonging respectively to Mr. W. L. Rosborough and a colored man named Daniel Brown. Messrs. Jas. G. McCants and M. Brown McMaster appeared for the defence. After hearing the evidence, the argument of counsel and the charge of his Honor, the jury rendered a verdict of "Not guilty." The defendants were accordingly discharged.

In the case of the State vs. Isom Gladden, Charles Graham, Ephraim Latta and Austin Henderson, convicted of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature, the motions in arrest of judgment and for a new trial were overruled, and the prisoners were sentenced each to pay a fine of one hundred dollars, or to be imprisoned for twelve months in the penitentiary. The prisoners have since paid their fines.

In the case of the State vs. Thomas Hopkins, convicted of larceny of live stock, the defendant's counsel made a motion for a new trial, on the ground of after-discovered evidence, and on the ground that the verdict was contrary to the evidence adduced at the trial. After hearing the affidavits submitted for the defence, and the counter-affidavits submitted by the Solicitor on behalf of the State, Judge Cochran held the case under advisement until Monday morning. His Honor then announced his decision, granting the motion for a new trial, on the ground of after-discovered evidence—taking occasion to say that the finding of the jury was justified by the proof adduced on the trial. The defendant will be confined in jail till he can give sufficient surety for his appearance for

trial at the next term of the Court of Sessions.

The general orders in the Court of Sessions include the following directions:

That a copy of so much of the grand jury as relates to the duties of the board of county commissioners be served forthwith upon the chairman of the said board.

That a committee of the grand jury, consisting of three members, to wit, S. W. Broom, J. T. Terrance and T. E. Smith, be and the same is hereby appointed for the purpose of examining the books and accounts of the several public officers of the county, with authority to employ an expert if they deem it necessary—the said committee to make their report at the next term of this Court.

That a copy of so much of the report of the grand jury as relates to Trial Justices Douglass and Cathcart be served forthwith upon the said trial justices.

The Court of General Sessions was adjourned sine die on Monday morning, and the Court of Common Pleas was at once opened. Several judgments by default were taken, and the juries were organized—Mr. W. H. Jones being foreman of Jury No. 1 and Mr. A. Williford being foreman of Jury No. 2.

The first case called for trial by the jury was that of Wylie J. Davis vs. David R. Flenniken—Messrs. McDonald & Douglass appearing for the plaintiff, and Col. Jas. H. Rion representing the defendant. This was an action to recover possession of a certain mule alleged to have been wrongfully taken by the defendant. It appeared that one John Neale, colored, had the mule in his possession when it was taken by Mr. Flenniken. Mr. Davis claimed that he had simply let Neale have the mule on trial, retaining the ownership in himself. Neale, while he had possession of the mule, and mortgaged it to Mr. Flenniken, and under this mortgage Mr. Flenniken had it seized and took it into his possession. The main question in the case was whether the mule was actually sold to Neale, or was only delivered to him for trial, the title remaining in Mr. Davis. The defendant claimed also that he had taken his mortgage on the mule, without notice of any claim on the part of the plaintiff. The jury rendered the following verdict: "We find for the plaintiff the right to the possession of the mule in question, and ten dollars damages; or, in case the mule cannot be delivered, we find for the plaintiff the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, the value thereof, and ten dollars damages."

R. M. Anderson vs. M. L. Owings—action on promissory note. Mr. O. W. Buchanan appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. J. W. Hanahan for the defendant. This action arose out of the purchase by the defendant from the agents of the Savannah Gun Company, of a quantity of "Cuban Bird Gun." In the course of the examination of a witness for the defendant, his Honor held that the plaintiff's proof was defective. An order was then made, continuing the case until the next term, and allowing the plaintiff to amend his complaint.

### A HAPPY OCCASION.

Messrs. Editors: It was our good fortune to be present at the residence of Mrs. Ella J. Garrison on the evening of the 9th inst., to witness the marriage ceremony of Mr. Peter J. Rucker, of Columbia, to Miss Ella H. Garrison, of this place. The ceremony was performed in beautiful style by the Rev. W. C. Power, of Columbia. The company was large, the table groined beneath the choicest viands and the guests, old and young, spent a delightful evening. The bridal presents, amounting to twenty in number, were eminently appropriate, being designed by the donors for practical use by the happy pair. That Heaven's richest benisons may rest upon them is the fervent aspiration that goes up from scores of hearts in this community.

### OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

In pursuance of the rules of the Democratic party of Fairfield county, and by authority of the County Executive Committee, I hereby declare that the following-named gentlemen are the duly nominated candidates of the Democratic party of Fairfield county, for the several offices named:

For Senator—Thos. W. Woodward.  
For Representatives—Charles A. Douglass, Thomas S. Brice, Sheridan R. Rutland.

For Clerk of Court—W. H. Kerr.  
For School Commissioner—John Boyd.

For Judge of Probate—J. R. Boyles.  
For Sheriff—John D. McCarley.  
For Coroner—George S. Hinnant.

For County Commissioners—James G. Heron, Dixon H. Robertson, James L. Richmond.

T. W. WOODWARD,  
County Chairman.

### PICNIC NEAR BLAIR'S.

BLAIR'S, S. C., September 6.—On Friday last a large concourse of young people assembled at the residence of our esteemed fellow-citizen and neighbor Mr. A. L. Edgerington, for the purpose of carrying out the programme of what is commonly known as a picnic. Both Newberry and Fairfield were represented in the fair forms of Misses Ada and Dora Hancock and Miss Lizzy Suber. Allow me to say that Monticello was also represented by two of her beautiful and accomplished daughters—Misses Minnie and Fannie Evans. Dancing began at eleven o'clock and was kept up until a late hour. At two o'clock the crowd were invited to the back yard, where we found a sumptuous repast of everything suitable to appease the appetite of the inner man. After dinner the crowd reassembled and again amused themselves by tripping the "light fantastic." I must say that the picnic at Mr. Edgerington's was a thorough success, and I think my bachelor friends deserve a great deal of credit for getting up such an entertainment.

Crops are suffering badly for the

want of rain. Some think that there will not be more than a half crop made.

There is a considerable amount of sickness in this section. Chills and fever seem to be the general complaint, but no deaths as far as I have learned.

With success to THE NEWS AND HERALD, I remain,  
S. D. G.

### LETTER FROM TEXAS.

CALDWELL, TEX., September 8.—

Following a very wet spring we have had a dry summer; drought has prevailed over most of the State since the middle of June; small grain crops were good, also early planted corn, but cotton poor—from one-fourth to one-half of a crop. Texas farming is so diversified that the failure of one crop is not so disastrous, but the all-cotton men here, as elsewhere, are blue. It is the same old lesson ever repeating itself, making poorer but wiser men.

The average Texan takes but little interest in politics. He knows his State always gives a large Democratic majority. His time is spent in trying to live with the least work, and he seems to succeed well. Accustomed to a free and pleasure-going life, he has but little care for the future; but the new settlers seeing the natural advantages are very energetic.

Texas is fast filling up with people from all sections of the globe, and no State makes more liberal appropriations for schools, and she prides herself on her fine colleges and good schools.

Looking over THE NEWS AND HERALD to-night recalls my memory to my native land. You are on the eve of another battle for the right. Never let the victory of 1876, so dearly won by us, be taken from you now; but follow our old leader, Major W., and reward him for his true and noble devotion to our State in her greatest time of need.  
S. W. JACKSON.

### WANTED.

FOR LONGTOWN HIGH SCHOOL, a Male and a Female Teacher, well qualified to teach in both departments. Address—SAML. McCREARY, JR., Sept 10th 1884. Ridgeway, S. C.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after this date, application will be made to the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Fairfield County, for a charter of incorporation of the "African Workmen's Protective Association." Winnsboro, S. C., September 17, 1884. Sept 17th

J. R. HARVEY, Chairman.

### STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

By J. R. BOYLES, Esq., Probate Judge.

WHEREAS, J. F. McMASTER hath made suit to me to grant him letters of administration with the Will annexed, of the estate and effects of Ransom Durham, deceased;

And whereas, I have duly examined all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Ransom Durham, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Fairfield County House, S. C., on the 30th day of September, next after publication hereof, at 1 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this 15th day of September, Anno Domini 1884.

Published on the 16th day of September, 1884, in THE NEWS AND HERALD.

J. R. BOYLES,  
Judge of Probate.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

Jno. C. Berry vs. David Shotwell, Dennis S. Rice et al.

IN pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above case, I will offer for sale, beneath the Court House door in Winnsboro, S. C., on the first Monday in October next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following-described property, to-wit:

All that lot, piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County of Fairfield and State of South Carolina, on Broad River, containing Five Hundred and Twenty-seven and Three-fourths Acres, more or less, bounded on the west by Broad River, on the north by lands of Warren Turrett, northeast by lands late of Andrew Frasier, and east and south by lands of D. Fenly, the right of way of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad track being reserved.

### TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash and the balance on a credit of one and two years, in equal instalments, with interest on each instalment from day of sale—the credit portion to be secured by bond of purchaser and mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay for papers. JNO. D. MCCARLEY, Sheriff's Office, Winnsboro, S. C., Sept 15, 1884. Sept 15th

### TAX NOTICE.

OFFICE OF COUNTY TREASURER, FAIRFIELD COUNTY, S. C.

WINNSBORO, S. C., August 26, 1884.

THE BOOKS OF